NO. 7

Committee of three.

lowing ballot :

to manage the matter without the inter-

Cuffee Mayo, colored, and Mr. Renfrow

The House refused to table by the fol-

YEAS.—Messrs. Ashworth, Banner, Blair, Carson, Carey, Dixon, Estes, Forkner, Franklin, French, Gahagan, Graham, Gunter, Hodgin,

NAYS.—Messrs, Allison, Ames, Argo, Armstrong, Boddie, Candler, Cawthorn, Claton, Davis,

Davidson, Durham, Farrow, Ferebee, Gibson,

Gilbert, Green, Harris, of Franklin, Hendricks,

High, Hinnant, Hodnett, Humphries, Ingram, Jarvis, Justus, of Henderson, Kelley, of Davie, Leary, Long, of Chatham, Long, of Richmond, McMillan, Moore, of Alamance, Nicholson, Pain-

Mr. Pou offered the following amend-

WHEREAS, In the opinion of this Gener-

Mr. Ingram said there were gentlemen

Mr. Justice, of Rutherford, said there

He hoped the resolution would be refer-

red and be consigned to that merited ob-

and was opposed to any reference. Until

the Republican party when it cried out

free men to fall on their knees before him,

clothe themselves in sack-cloth and ashes,

and lick the dust on which he stood, be-

indiscriminate removal of disabilities, so

MR SINCLAIR OPPOSED THE RE

J. W. Leary colored said he could ap-

preciate the principles of this resolution.

He, by the magnanimity of the Congress

and the people had been relieved from a

heavy burden indeed, and therefore he

who fought the war out had never been

kind of office previous to its breaking out,

therefore, not effected by laws imposing

disabilities. Do you gentlemen who es-

tablished this government, wish the peo-

ple of the State to love both the govern-

ments at the State and United States, or

do you, by a proscriptive policy, seek to

the resolution now.

SOLUTION.

political thinking, &c.

who "accepted the situation."

the "clods fell upon their coffins," &c.

al Assembly, the time has now arrived

ment in the shape of a preamble :

North Carolina, therefore, &c.

G. W. Price, colored, took the floo

HERE'S YER MULES.

PARIS, BOURBON Co., KY., March 4th, 1869.

Messrs. Engelhard & Price-Dear Sirs: WILL HAVE A DROVE OF GOOD BROKE MULES, from four to six years old, in Wilmington about the 1st of April, about sixty of them suitable for wagon purposes or working on Bailroads, and the balance suitable for Cotton and Ground Pea Plowing. They were all selected by me in the Far West for the above purposes, and nearly all bought out of wagons by the pair, and are now ready for immediate use. One Mule well broke at this season of the year will do the work of two unbroke. The Mules will be divided in Greensboro' on the 21st of this month. Onehalf will go by way of the Coalfields and then to Fayetteville about the 24th, and from there to Elizabeth about the 26th, and then to Lumberton and to Wilmington. The other half will be in Raleigh on the 25th, in Clinton 27th, Faison's Depot 28th, Kenansville 30th, and then to Wilmington, by way of Magnolia and Rocky Point. My old friends and customers may rely upon the Stock being at the above places at the time above mentioned, and will be sold at the market price. H. T. WILSON, AGENT.

Fayetteville Eagle and Raleigh Sentinel copy twice a week till April 1st, and send bill. 137-1td&wtf

Sale of Valuable Lands at Auction. BY VIRTUE OF A MORTGAGE DEED executed to me by William A. Bland, of Brunswick county, I will expose to sale at the Court House in Smithville, on Tuesday, the 6th day of April, 1869, the following tracts of land situate in Brunswick county, viz:

One Tract containing 2,100 scres, lying on Crow Swamp; one tract containing 600 acres, lying on same Swamp; one tract containing 250 acres, lying on Stallion Gally Bay; one other tract containing 100 acres, and three other tracts of 100 acres each, lying together. These lands are very valuable for timber and

turpentine, and will be sold on accommodating DUGALD A. LAMONT,

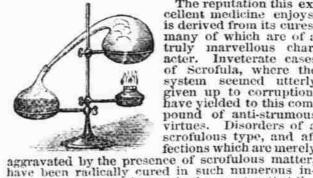
A. BLAND-Sin : Take notice that ! A. BLAND—Sin: Take notice that I shall expose to public sale at the Court House in Smithville, on Tue-day, the 6th day of April, 1869, all the lands conveyed by you to me by deed bearing date the 4th day of January, 1861, to secure the payment of certain debta

DUGALD A. LAMONT. Wilmington, 6th March, 1869 135-1t&5-3t*

Valuable Land for Sale in the Upper Black River District.

offer for sale a TRACT OF LAND containing 787 acres, being part of the Plantation formerly owned by George Fennell, deceased, in Upper Black River District. The land is well dapted to the cultivation of Cotton, Corn or Wheat. Description of the land and improvements is unnecessary, as purchasers will view OWEN FENNELL. New Hanover Co., March 6th, 1869. 137-2td&wtf

Ayer's Sarsaparilla, FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.



The reputation this ex-cellent medicine enjoys, is derived from its cures many of which are of a marvellous character. Inveterate cases of Scrofula, where the system seemed utterly iven up to corruption, have vielded to this compound of anti-strumous virtues. Disorders of a scrofulous type, and at fections which are merely

stances, in every settlement in the country, that the nost cases a specific and absolute remedy. Scrofulous poison is one of the most destructive enemies of our race. Often, this unseen and unfelt tenant of the organism undermines the constitution, and invites the attack of enfeebling or fatal disease without exciting a suspicion of its presence. Again, it seems to breed infection throughout the body, and then, on some favorable occasion, rapidly develop into one or other of its hideous forms, either on the surface or among the vitals. In the latter, tubercles may be suddenly deposited in the lungs or heart, or tumors formed in the liver. These facts make the occasional use of the Sarsaparilla as a

It is a mistake to suppose that so long as no eruptions or humors appear, there must be no scrofulous taint. These forms of derangement may never occur, and yet the vital forces of the body be so reduced by its subtle agency, as materially to impair the health and shorten the duration of life. It is a common error, also, that scrofula is strictly hereditary. It does, indeed, descend from parent to child, is also engendered in persons born of pure blood. Low living, indigestion, foul air, licentious habits, uncleanliness, and the depressing vices generally, produce it. Weakly constitutions, where not fortified by the most constant and judicious care, are peculiarly liable to it. Yet the robust, also whose turbid blood swells the veins with an appar ently exuberant vitality, are often contaminated, and on the road to its consequences. Indeed, no it, nor feei insensible to the importance of an effec-

In St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, for Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Ears and Eyes, and other eruptive or visible forms of the diseases caused primarily by the scrofulous infection, the Sarsaparilla is so efficient as to be indispensable. And in the more concealed forms, as in Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Neuralgia, and other affections of the muscular and nervous systems, the Sarsaparilla, through its purifying power, removes the cause of the disorder and produces aston-

The sarsaparilla root of the tropics does not by itself achieve these results. It is aided by the extracts combined with it, of still greater power. So potent is this union of healing virtues, Syphilis or Venereal and Mercurial Diseases are cured by it, though a long time is required for subduing these obstinate maladies by any medicine. Leucorrhoa or Whites, Uterine Ulcerations, and Female Diseases in general, are commonly soon relieved and ultimately cured by the invigorating and purifying effect of our Sarsaparilla. Rheumatism and Gout, often dependent on the accumulations of extraneous matters in the blood, have their remedy also in this medicine. For Liver Complaints torpidity, inflammation, abcess, etc., caused by rankling poisons in the blood, we unhesitatingly recommend the Sarsaparilla.

This medicine restores health and vigor where no specific disease can be distinguished. Its restorae power is soon felt by those who are Languid Listless, Despondent, Sleepless, and filled with Nervous Apprehensions or Fears, or who are troubled with any other of those affections symptomatic of weakness. Many, after taking it for General Debility, have written us of the youthful vigor imparted to their nervous system, which seemed buoyant with that prolific life they thought had departed on the advance of age. Others, whose fountains of life were always sterile, acknowledge their obligations to it for an obvious change.

Ayer's Ague Cure,

For Fever and Ague, Entermittent Fever, Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical or Bilious Fever, &c., and indeed all the affec-tions which arise from malarious, marsh, or miasmatic noisons

As its name implies, it does Cure, and does not fail. Containing neither Arsenic, Quinine, Bismuth, Zine, nor any other mineral or poisonous substance whatever, it in nowise injures any patient. The number and importance of its cures in the ague districts, are literally beyond account, and we believe without a parallel in the history of medicine. Our pride is gratified by the acknowledgments we receive of the radical cures effected in obstinate cases, and where other remedies had wholly failed. Unacclimated persons, either resident in, or travelling through miasmatic localities, will be protected by taking the AGUE CURE daily. For Liver Complaints, arising from torpidity of the Liver, it is an excellent remedy, stimulating the Liver into healthy activity.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Practical and Analytical Chemists, Lowell, Mass., and sold all round the world.

PRICE. \$1.00 PER BOTTLE. 80 Sold in Wilmington by E. Willis, W. H. Lippitt and all Druggists and Dealers every-here. 67-eod1w-1tw 67-eod1w-1tw

GENTLEMAN who suffered for years A from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience, can do so by addressing, in perfect con-

JOHN B. OGDEN.

No. 42 Cedar street, New York. ALL KINDS OF JOB WORK NEATLY AND EXPEDITIOUSLY

MARRIAGE GUIDE.

A PRIVATE INSTRUCTOR FOR married persons or those about to be married, both male and female, in everything concerning the physiology and relations of our sex-ual system, and the production and prevention of before given in the English language, by WM. YOUNG, M. D. This is really a valuable and interesting work. It is written in plain language for the general reader, and is illustrated with numerous Engravings. All young married people, or those contemplating marriage, and having the least impediment to married life, should read this book. It discloses secrets that every one should be acquainted with; still it is a book that must be locked up and not lie about the house. It will be sent to any address on receipt of 50 cents .--Address, Dr. WM. YOUNG, No. 416 Spruce street, above Fourth, Philadelphia.

AFFLICTED AND UNFORTUNATE.-No matter what may be your disease, before you place yourself under the care of any one of the notorious QUACKS—native and foreign—who advertise in this or any other paper, get a copy of Dr. Young's Book and read it carefully. It will be the means of saving you many a dollar, your health, and possibly your life Dr. Young can be consulted on any of the diseases described in his publications, at his office. No. 416 Spruce street, above Fourth, Philadel-

july 3

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

THE ADVERTISER, HAVING BEEN RE-stored to health in a few weeks, by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease, Consumption-is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure. To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a SURE CURE FOR CONSUMP TION, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, etc. The ob ect of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which be conceives to be invaluable; and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will

REV. EDWARD A. WILSON, Williamsburg, Kings County, New York.

Parties wishing the prescription, will please ad

cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing.

THE LGDI MANUFACTURING CO., (Established 1840.)

INVITE PLANTERS AND FARMERS to send for a pamphlet descriptive of their Fertili-

We offer our Double Refined Poudrette, equal to the best Super-phosphate, at the low price of \$25 00 per ton. The Company also make a supe-TAVING TO PAY SOME OLD DEBTS, I rior article of Nitro-phosphate and pure Bone Dust. See testimonials:

> E. M. TODD, Smithfield, Va., says where he used the Double Refined Poudrette on Corn it doubled the yield. WILLIAMS BRO'S, Dover, Del., says it gave their Rhubarb and Tomatoes a vigorous growth

P. W. HUTCHISON, Sen., near Cherokee, Ga., says it nearly doubled his yield of Cotton. Hon. ELI S. SHORTER, Eufaula, Ala., says his Cotton was fully equal to adjoining fields manured with the best Super-phosphates. S. MONTGOMERY, Ellaville, Ga., says it in creased his crop of Cotton 150 lbs. per acre.
G. S. OGLESBY, Marietta, Ga., used it on

ripening the latter two weeks earlier.

Corn and Cotton and says it more than DOUB-LED the yield. He regards it the cheapest and most reliable Fertilizer within his knowledge. Ex-Gov. SMITH, Warrenton, Va., tried hit with hree several crops the last and present years, and says: "I PRONOUNCE IT WITH CONFIDENCE A MOST VALUABLE MANURE.' The Superintendent of Gen. W. R. COX, Polk

Island Plantation, N. C., says: "I think the Poudrette used for Corn cannot be surpassed—used t also on Cotton which produced a large yield." Doct. E. M. PENDLETON, Sparta, Ga., says: The Nitro-phosphate of Lime, used on Cotton nade 248 per cent, the first year." Prof. GEO. H. COOK, of the New Jersey State Agricultural College, at New Brunswick, says :-The Double Refined Poudrette and Nitro-phos-

phate of Lime paid us full 100 per cent. above

their market value in the increase of crops this

Address LODI MANUFACTURING CO. Box 3139, New York P. O. Office 66 Cortlandt Street. B. G. GRAHAM, Charlotte, and HINSON BROWN, Kenansville, N. C., Agents for the Com-

SPRUNT & HINSON, Wilmington, AGENTS FOR THE COMPANY.

From the Raleigh Sentinel. LEGISLATURE OF NORTH CAROLINA

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Monday, March 15, 1869.

Mr. Justice, of Rutherford, from the Special Committee appointed to examine the business necessary to be transacted before adjournment, reported a resolution fixing Monday the 29th inst. as the day for

a sine die adjournment.

Mr. Justice moved to suspend the rules and adopt the resolution at once Mr. Ellington opposed the suspension of the rules, and he did not think the House could adjourn by the time set forth.

The motion was put to a vote and car-Mr. Ellington moved to strike out the

29th of March and insert the 10th of April. The resolution then passed its second eading.

Mr. Downing moved to strike out the 29th and insert the 6th of April. Lost. The original resolution then passed its third reading.

On motion of Mr. Holden, the rules were suspended and the bill to incorporate the Greensboro' and Charlotte Air Line Railroad Company was taken up. Mr. Holden took the floor and spoke for

some time in advocacy of the bill. Mr. Downing moved to print and make it the special order for to-morrow week. Mr. Justice, of Rutherford, opposed the

motion to postpone. Mr. Estes favored it. After a long debate J. H. Harris, of Wake, colored, (the introducer ef the bill) called the previous question.

The call was sustained, and the question recurred upon Mr. Downing's motion to print and make special order for to-morrow week.

The yeas and nays being called the motion was rejected by a vote of yeas 34,

The bill then failed to pass its second

On motion the House then adjourned.

SENATE.

Tuesday, March 16, 1869.

Message from the House transmitting a resolution to raise a joint Committee of three to investigate the affairs of the Ches- | 51, nays 45. apeake and Albemarie Canal Company. and that Mesers. Gatling and Humphries formed the House branch of that Commit-

Mr. Martindale moved a suspension of on. Carried.

The resolution was read a second time. Mr. Respass moved to amend by insertfor the sake of suffering humanity, send free to ling that the Superintendent of Public all who need it, the receipt and directions for Works make the investigation. Not ing that the Superintendent of Public | then put to a vote and adopted by the foladopted.

Mr. Hayes moved to amend by inserting five instead of three. Rejected. Messrs. Love and Respass contended that it was the business of the Superin-

tendent of Public Works to make the investigation-he was a paid officer, and this was one of his duties.

The resolution then passed its second time-21 to 15. On its third reading,

Mr. Cook moved to increase the commit-die, Candler, Cawthorn, Clayton, Davis, David-son, Durham, Ellis, Ferebee, Gatling, Gibson, tee from three to five. Mr. Sweet opposed the increase, and it was rejected.

Mr. Hayes, at this juncture, opposed offspring, including all the new discoveries never | the adoption of the resolution, and moved

State; the State's interest should be looked

Mr. Respass made a statement that the officers were Virginians, and were willing to settle with a State Commission appointed | it \$2,000. by this Legislature; they did not object to an investigation—their books and papers House rejected the amendment by a vote to a committee of three. were ready—the Superintendent of Public of yeas 43, nays 50. Works, and not a Committee, was the proper person to investigate, &c.

Eppes, colored, moved that the committee be reduced to one on the part of each Works.

Mr. A. J. Jones advocated this amendment-he thought it due to Col. Harris, &c.; the investigation, he was apprehensive, wou'd be attended with some trouble. Mr. Love thought the proposition of Eppes a direct insult to the Superintendofficer, a charge made by his own friends.

Mr. Lassiter advocated the resolution. The amendment of Eppes was adopted. Mr. Robbins then moved an amendment allowing per diem to the committee while engaged in the investigation; Provided, per diem. Adopted.

The resolution, as amended, was then read a third time, and the yeas and nays called, resulted, yeas 21, nays 15. Mr. Martindale was appointed as the Senate branch of the committee on investigation, as aforesaid.

House bill-known as the relief billread first time. Passed. | Published elsewhere. The Senate adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES. Tuesday, March 16, 1869.

Mr. Argo introduced a resolution instructing our Representatives in Congress citizens of the State, and instructing the up and passed its second reading. Secretary of State to forward to each of there Representatives a copy of the reso- bill passed its third reading-year 59, nays

and adopt at once. Carried. Mr. Argo then moved to make it the special order for to-morrow evening at

half past 7 o'clock. The yeas and nays being called the House refused to lay on the table—yeas

for to-morrow evening, was then put to a then has 90 days to plead. The magistrate sire it. He moved to postpone the further vote and adopted. (with amendment) upon the bill in rela-

was placed upon the Calendar. the Charlotte Railroad Company. Refer-

UNFINISHED BUSINESS.

The question recurred upon the adoption of Mr. Estes' amendment as amended by Mr. Pou, making the salary of Superintendent of Public Instruction \$1,800. J. H. Harris, of Wake, colored, moved to make it \$2,100. Rejected.

J. H. Harris, of Wake, colored, moved then to amend by making the salary \$2,-

Mr. Durham called for the yeas and The call being sustained, the House adopted the amendment by the following

YEAS -Messrs. Ames, Ashworth, Banner, Barnett. Blair, Bowman, Carson, Carey, Cherry Crawford, Dixon, Downing, Estes, Foster, French, Gahagan, Gilbert, Graham, Harris, of Wake, Hayes hodgin, Hoffman, Horney, Hudgings, Justice, of Rutherford, Laffin, Leary, Mayo, Mendenhall, Moring, Pearson, Peck, Price, Proctor, Res, kenfrow, Robbins, Reynolds, Siegrist, Sinclair, Simonds, Stevens, Stilley, Sykes, Vest, Williamson and Wilson-47. NAYS-Messrs Allison, Argo, Armstrong, Bod-

die, Candler, Clayton, Davis, avidson, Durham, Eilis, Farrow, Ferebee, Franklin, Gatling, Gibson, Green, Harris, of Franklin, Hicks, High, Hinnant, Hodnett, Humphries, Ingram, Jarvis, Justice, of Heederson, Kelly, of Davie, Kelly, of Moore, Long of Richmond, McCanless, McMillan, Moore, of Alamance, Nicholson, Painter, Parker, Pou, Proflitt, Robinson, Shaver, Stanton, Sweat, Thompson, Vestal, Waldrop, Welch, Whitley, Williams, of Harnett, Williams, of Sampson-47. Mr. Durham moved to strike out the

Mr. Foster opposed the amendment.

Mr. Durham's amendment. mistake in the count of the vote. He able in the same manner." moved to raise a Committee to verify the

count. Carried. Messrs. Durham and Stilley were appointed as said Committee. The Commit. borers' and Farmers' Association. Favoratee repaired to the Clerk's desk and in a bly. short time reported that the vote stood

yeas 47, nays 47. Mr. Moore; of Chowan, said he had just a special tax. come in from the Senate before that vote was announced, and endeavored to catch the attention of the Speaker in order to record his vote in the affirmative.

Mr. Durham raised the point, as the gentleman did not press his right to record his vote, then he had no right to do so now, when the vote had been announced as a tie.

Mr. French moved to reconsider the vote upon the amendment. Mr. Durham said, as he wished to defeat the measure, he was opposed to a recon- the bill passed.

After some little debate, the motion to reconsider was adopted by a vote of yeas J. H. Harris, of Wake, colored, renewed his motion to strike out \$1,800 and insert timonial or parchment of his record, with

\$2,005 per annum. Mr. French said he was in favor record exhibits. of making the salary of the Suthe rules that the resolution may be acted perintendent of Public Instruction the second time and passed. \$3,000 a year, and would vote for the figures approaching nearest that sum, &c.

> lowing ballot : YEAS-Messrs. Ames, Ashworth, Banner, Barnett, Blair, Bowman, Carson, Carey, Cherry, Crawnett, Blair, Bowman, Carson, Carey, Cherry, Crawford, Dixon. Downing, Ellington, Estes, Foster, Franklin, French, Gahagan, Gilbert, Graham, Harris, of Wake, Hayes, Hodgin, Hoffman, Horney, Hudgings, Justice, of Rutherford, Laflin, Mayo, Mendenhall, Moring, Moore, of Chowan, Morrill, Pearson, Peck, Price, Proctor, Benfrow, Bobbins, Reynolds, Siegrist, Sinclair, Simonds, Smith, of Martin, Snipes, Stevens, Stilley, Sykes, Vest, Williamson, Wilson and Wiswall—52. Nays-Messrs Allison, Argo, Armstrong, Bod. 30, nays 10,

Green, Harris, of Franklio, Hendricks, Hicks, High, Hinnant, Hodnett, Humphries, Ingram, Jarvis, Kelly, of Davie, Kelly, of Moore, Leary, Long, of Chatham, Long of Richmond, McCanless, McMillan, Moore, of Alamance, Nicholson, Painter, Parker, Pou, Proffitt, Robinson, Shaver,

The question then recurred upon that portion of Mr. Estes' amendment that

strikes out \$1,800 as the salary of the Superintendent of Public Works, and makes The yeas and nays being called the

Mr. Welker took grounds in favor of the \$3,000, Treasurer \$2,000, Secretary of the language they had used. State \$2,000, Auditor \$2,000, Superinten- . Mr. Moore, of Carteret, had but few re- ference of this Legislature. dent of Public Instruction \$1,800, Super-

who favored high salaries, about provifnt of Public Works—the resolution was a sions and the necessaries of life being so had no apologies to make. charge of incompetency on the part of that much higher now than formerly; that be-\$10,000 a year than she was now to pay son would make some explanation.

He would oppose these extravagant call for the previous question by the Sena-salaries, especially when the men and every tor from Carteret. He had anticipated the the Superintendent shall not be entitled to women were toiling daily for the merest action on the bill since Monday last and had

The lowest sum assigned to any officer in the substitute was about \$6 per day for each working day of the year, and he thought it ample when taking into consid-The lowest sum assigned to any officer thought it ample when taking into consid- he had no excuse to make to the Senator eration the distressed and impoverished from Carteret. condition of the State. After some further discussion the whole

matter was laid on the table on motion of On motion of Mr. Ellington, the House adjourned until 71 o'clock this evening.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES. NIGHT SESSION.

Tuesday, March 16, 1869. On motion of Mr. Bowman, the rules After undergoing some amendment the

Mr. Argo moved to suspend the rules Mr. Bowman moved to reconsider the vote just taken. Carried. Mr. Bowman then offered an amendment providing that the operations of

the bill shall not extend to proceeding Mr. Proctor moved to lay the resolution by attachment or arrest and bail. Carried. The bill then passed its third reading. The bill provides that all writs of summons entered into before the 1st of May, 1865, for sums of \$200 and under, shall be The motion to make it the special order returnable in 90 days. The defendant Mr. Laflin, from the committee on In- defendant and not less than 90 days, when, ternal Improvements, reported favorably if either party is unprepared for trial, the magistrate may grant a further continuance tion to the Louisburg branch of the Wil- of not less than 90 days, when the defendmington and Weldon railroad. The bill ant shall be entitled to judgment. Either party may appeal to the Superior Court .-By Mr. Graham : A bill to incorporate The defendant may have a stay of execution for six months by giving security within 20 days from the rendering of judgment. The act does not apply to proceedings by attachment or arrest and

On motion of Mr. French, the rules were suspended and the bill to incorporate the Cape Fear Agricultural Society was

The question recurred upon concurring in the report of the committee, which strikes out section 2 of the bill appropriating \$1,500. The yeas and nays were called and the House concurred in the report. Yeas 66, nays 8.

Mr. French then offered at substitute. After quite a lengthy debate the whole matter was referred to the Committee on Agriculture, Mechanics and Mining, with instructions to report on Friday next. On motion the House then adjourned.

SENATE.

WEDNESDAY, March 17, 1869. Mr. Hayes, on behalf of the Committee

on Internal Improvements, made a report on the bill to enable the Chatham Railroad | ance, Union Leagues, Ku Klux, &c. Company to complete its Road, with the following amendment to section 2: That, before the said Chatham Rail-

road Company shall make or sell any portion of the first mortgage bonds authorized by section 1 and 2 of this act, they shall deliver to the Public Treasurer a second to a vote and failed by a vote of yeas 43, \$2,005 and make it \$1,600. He said it was mortgage upon all their estate, both real nays 48. \$100 more than that officer received before and personal, which they may have or may hereafter acquire, between the city of Raleigh and the terminus of said Railroad at Mr. Painter moved to lay that motion After some debate the House rejected or near Cheraw, S. C., said second mort- on the table. Carried. gage bonds to be in all other respects the By G. W. Price, colored: A bill for the Mr. Durham said that on the proposition same as the first mortgage bonds now held better protection of manual labor. Reto make the salary \$2,005 there had been a by the State bearing the same interest pay- ferred. Mr. A. J. Jones, from the Committee on

Mining and Agriculture, reported back the journ to meet at 10 o'clock to-morrow .bill to incorporate the New Hanover La- Lost.

Mr. A. J. Jones gave notice of a bill to empower the county of Brunswick to levy Mr. Davis gave notice of a bill to incor-

porate the Germania Land Company of North Carolina, to be located at Golds- motion. He had heard gentlemen fre- it. It had been four years since the Con- took the floor, that he had no thought of Mr. Respass introduced a resolution pro-

Bill entitled Proceedings upon Impeach ment being read the second time,

Mr. Cook introduced a resolution instructing the Adjutant General of the State to make a record of each officer and soldier who served in the late war, and to furnish such officer or soldier with the proper tes-

House bill in regard to habeas corpus read Mr. Love called the attention of the Senate to the large amount of useless public

such acts of gallantry as the U.S. Army

The question upon the amendment was printing which was being executed, and urged that some action be taken to stop the useless expenditure of the public money. The school bid was taken up.

> was read. On its adoption, Mr. Moore called the previous question, and the substitute was adopted. Yeas 31, nays 10. On the final passage of the bill the yeas and nays were called, and resulted, yeas

By leave, Mr. Love was explaining why he could not vote for the bill. Mr. Meore arose to a point of order. He Mr. Argo said he hoped the motion erument whose laws place in that position. said Mr. Love was not confining himself to would not prevail. He thought the House If North Carolina was called upon to point the subject before the Senate.

Mr. Love said the Senator from Carteret time. He wished to get an expression of chi, she would point to her children.

Mr. Love replied you are a d-d liar and a son of a b-h House to pass it now. The President called the gentlemen to order, and directed the Clerk to take down | colored, concurred with Mr. Candler. the words of the Senators, which was done. Mr. Forkner moved to refer the matter

Messrs. Osborne, Cook and Robbins move in the matter at the proper time. He The question recurred upon a substitute hoped the Senators from Carteret and offered by Mr. Pon, allowing the Governor Jackson would apologise to the Senate for economy enough in that body (Congress)

marks to make. Senators would rememintendent of Public Works \$1,800, and ber that this was not the first time he had both opposed the resolution and wished it the past, clear away the last vestige of the House, with the Superintendent of Public Attorney General \$1,000 (no fees being been insulted by the Senator from Jack- referred. son. Once before when he had asked him Mr. Jarvis said he hoped the substitute a joking question he had got angry and on the table. would be adopted, as he regarded it as a used rude language. This was the first fair compromise between gentlemen of va- time he (Mr. Moore) had ever used imrious opinions, &c. He said that in regard proper language, and he apologised for it to the argument advanced by gentlemen to the President and every Senator except the Senator from Jackson. To him he

Mr. Osborne trusted the Senator from fore the war North Carolina was far more Jackson would apologise to the Senate.

able to pay the Governor and others Mr. Cook hoped the Senator from Jack-

Mr. Love had felt much provoked at the felt much worried. In explaining his vote

Mr. Forkner renewed his motion. Mr. Robbins said both Senators had apologised to the Senate, and the Senate when equality before the law may, with Grant, and endeavoring to have counties had nothing more to do in the matter.

Mr. Forkner's motion prevailed. The revenue bill was then taken up and considered by sections up to the hour of argued for some time in favor of the resoadjournment, 2 o'clock.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

WEDNESDAY, March 17, 1869. On motion of J. W. Leary, colored, the floor, yet were now, according to some A blind man might see it. to vote for any measure looking towards were suspended and the bill in regard to rules were suspended, and the bill to gentlemen, to be considered as outlawed He (Mr. Durham) did not care whether the removal of the political disabilities of proceedings before Magistrates was taken amend the charter of the Fayetteville and and outcast, &c. He would denounce such the resolution passed or not, but he liked Florence Railroad Company, was taken up. a vindictive spirit, regardless of what some to see a man decently consistent one way ordered to be printed and postponed until Tuesday next.

SPECIAL ORDER. The bill organizing the county of Grant | tives and some noble hearted Republicans. out of portions of Mecklenburg, Cabarrus, He would vote for the resolution heart and Iredell and Rowan counties.

Mr. Sinclair presented a memorial from certain persons asking for the new county. The Clerk read the memorial. Mr. Sinclair argued in favor of the bill. Mr. Whitley opposed the passage of the bill. He said that a large majority of the treasonable sentiments against the Gov-

people living in the portions proposed to be cut off from those counties did not de- lie speeches proved it, &c. may, in his discretion, grant a jury to the consideration of the bill until the 3d Monday in November next. Mr. Gatling took the floor in support of similar character have met. the motion to costpone.

During his remarks he asked Mr. Sin-

clair that in case the new county was estab- all men in this State were on an equality lished did not he (Mr. Sinclair) intend to | before the law and enjoyed all the rights Mr. Sinclair refused to answer the ques- a bona fide Republic is false. He wished

Mr. Gatling: Do you not, Sir, own | "Liberty," "Liberty," to do it for someproperty in the section in which it is pro- thing more than a song. He did not wish posed to establish the county. Mr. Sinclair again refused to answer. Mr. French next occupied the floor in opposition to the motion to postpone. Mr. Durham asked him if he (French) did not think there were names by dozens | blame those men for not so humiliating

and twenties on the petitions that were themselves. He would not do it, &c. written in the same hand. Mr. French replied that the committee had not examined the petitions, &c. Mr. Estes moved to lay the bill on the

The yeas and nays were called and the House adopted the motion to table by a vote of yeas 52, nays 34. On motion of Mr. French, the rules were suspended, and the bill to exempt property help him God. He was surprised that colheld by the Masonic fraternity from taxa-

tion was taken up. After some debate Mr. Pou moved to in definitely postpone the matter. Mr. Pou moved to amend by including in the provisions of the bill Odd Fellows. Sons of Temperance, Friends of Temper-

A lengthy debate ensued, when Mr. French called the previous ques-The call was sustained and the amend

ment was put to a vote and rejected. The bill on its second reading was put Mr. Foster moved to reconsider the vote

that when the House adjourn that it ad-Mr. French said that there would be a

this Hall this evening, therefore he would November next.

quarter past 10 o'clock. the affairs of the Piedmont Railroad Com- session, he was forced to the conclusion that \$7 per day was too much of an object to a great many gentlemen on this floor to be relinquished. He felt no hesitation in

> Mr. Pou, and Leary, colored, also opposed the motion. After some further debate Mr. French withdrew his motion. CALENDAR.

would call the yeas and nays.

ingham, Caswell and Stokes, was taken up, but without action adjourned. HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Bill constructing a Railroad through

the counties of Granville, Person, Rock

NIGHT SESSION. RALEIGH, March 17, 1869. SPECIAL ORDER. The following resolutions introduced by Carolina in days gone by delighted to R. B. Wood, Jr. Referred.

Mr. Argo, to-wit : Mr. Welker offered a substitute, which

> zenship.
>
> 2d. That the Secretary of State be requested to forward to each of said Senators and Representatives a copy of these resolutions.

No advertisement, reflecting upon private character, can, under any circumstances, be Mr. French moved to refer to a Special reasonably expect men thus stigmatized

and degraded to love and honor the gov-

character, are charged as advertisements.

reach and every insertion.

RATES OF ADVERTISING,

1 square, of 10 lines or less, for each and every

Special Notices will be charged \$200 per square

All Obituaries and private publications of every

as well prepared to vote to-night as at any out her jewels, like the mother of the Gracto amend by striking out the committee and inserting Superintendent of Public Works.

Painter, Parker, Pou, Promit, Redinson, Surver, tauton, Sweat, Thompson Vestal, Waldrop, Welch, Whitley, Williams, of Harnert, and Williams, of Sampson—48.

Works.

Painter, Parker, Pou, Promit, Redinson, Surver, tauton, Sweat, Thompson Vestal, Waldrop, Welch, Whitley, Williams, of Harnert, and Williams, of Sampson—48.

When the interest of the people question of removing disabilities.

Mr. Candler said he opposed any post-square ponement. He thought the time had come to adopt it you allow the declaration to go out that a large portion of our best citizens. tion and he thought it the daty of the are unworthy and unfit to be trusted with the privileges of citizenship. Pass it and Messrs. Leary, colored, and Cawthorn, you take a step in the right direction towards consigning to a merited oblivion all Hudgins, colored, thought it dangerous recollections of the past differences, and to to remove the disabilities from the mass of heal the discords and dissensions that

the people. He thought Congress would have torn the country. The passage of this resolution will not put any one in office. It will remain for the people to do that, and if a man is so popular and deserving that the people will elect him to office, is it right to legislate to keep him out of it. Then let us forget war and unite in repairing our waste pla-Mr. Hodgin moved to lay the resolution | ces.

Mr. Durham said last Summer the gentleman from Robeson (Mr. Sinclair), had out Heroded Herod in his efforts to get the House to adopt a similar resolution. -He (Sinclair) was far more active in such Hoffman, Horney, Hudgings, Justice, of Rutherford, Laffin, Mayo, McCanless, Parker, Pearson, Peck, Ragland, Rea, Renfrow, Robbins, Reynolds, Siegrist, Stilley, Vest, Waldrop and Restaurant of the Restaurant of similar to this one at the early part of this session, but now he has thrown a sumersault and is strenuous in his opposition to this measure. He (Mr. Durham) would feel and express suprise at such bare face and ridiculous inconsistency if he did not know the gentleman's character so well .-The gentleman from Robeson is, no doubt, shrewd at times in his tactics, but this time the motives that influence him are too apparent and plain to be concealed .-He (Mr. Durham) would advise the gentleman instead of taking the trouble of drawing up resolutions laudatory of President safety, be established among all men in named Grant, &c., to ask the House, at once and plainly, to pass a resolution re-commending him (Mr. Sinclair) to be appointed to the office he was begging for. That is the reason why the gentleman wished so much to have the laudatory who were now called Democrats who were resolutions passed, and why he advocated as good Union men as any man on this zealously the erection of "Grant county."

gentlemen might say. He said further, or the other. What did the gentleman that the great portion of the respectability from New Hanover (Mr. French) mean by saying he was willing to relieve those who of this Legislature was due to Conserva-"accepted the situation." If it meant that a man had to discard his own conscientious convictions and accept Radical doctrine as gospel before his disabili were men in North Carolina who should ties could be removed, then he would never have their disabilities removed until say he would scorn, and hold in utter contempt those who in that sense "accepted the situation." If that was the There were men who still entertained test of loyalty, then he was in truth and ernment-the public journals and the pub- spirit disloyal. He thought it his duty to say in behalf of that portion of the citizens of Cleaveland county who he represented on this floor, that if there was one among livion which thirty other resolutions of a them so base, degraded and lost to all honorable instincts as to thus meanly and ser-Mr. Ellington supported the resolution | vilely barter away his rights and liberties, he did not desire to receive his vote. He would scorn to receive the suffrage of a man who could thus play the part of a crouch-

of citizenship, the declaration that this was ing, crawling spaniel. Mr. Argo next took the floor in opposition to both the motion to postpone and refer. Mr. A. continued for some time in defence of his resolution and gave at length his reasons why he introduced it. (Mr. Argo's remarks will be published in full

After some further debate, Mr. Argo fore he would lend his influence towards called the previous question. removing their disabilities. He did not The call being sustained, the question recurred upon the motion to postpone un-Mr. Parker was not prepared to vote for | til the third Monday in November next .-The yeas and nays were called and the

motion was lost by a vote of yeas 38, Mr. French said he had made the mo tion to refer in order to make a discrimi-Mr. French's motion to refer to a Spenation. He was in favor of relieving those cial Committee of three, was put to a vote and adopted, yeas 44, nays 42. Mr. Proctor was opposed to the resolu-On motion the House then adjourned. tion in toto. He would never vote for an

The Committee to whom was referred ored men on the floor would vote for this measure. He would warn them that if the the disorderly conduct of yesterday, made Democrats got into power, they would en- the following report : 1. Preamble setting forth the facts as act the scene that took place in Georgia, they occurred.

2. Resolution censuring both Messrs.

SENATE.

THURSDAY, March 18, 1869.

Moore and Love. 3. Resolution imposing additional censure on Mr. Love. Mr. Robbins stated that the well known relation existing between the two gentlemen, made the calling to order, on the could appreciate the spirit of the resolu- part of Mr. Moore, offensive. He was not tion and was prepared to vote for it. They willing to discriminate between the genmight call him "weak kneed" but he could tlemen. He moved, therefore, to strike

claim consistency, as he did not one day out the second resolution. introduce here a resolution and the next Mr. Osborne said, as an individual, he day vote against one of the same character | concurred with Mr. Robbins, that the Senas did some gentlemen on this floor (al- ator from Carteret was provoking in calling luding to Mr. Sinclair.) He was sorry to Mr. Love to order under the circumstances see that the gentleman from Rutherford stated by Mr. Robbins ; but setting upon (Mr. Justice) had grown so excited over this matter as a Court, he was compelled to the matter. That gentleman had not dis- take a different view of the case. The lan-J. H. Harris, of Wake, colored, moved cussed the theory and principles of the guage of Mr. Love was insulting-the regovernment, but had simply indulged in a marks of Mr. Moore improper, the rejointirade of abuse of individuals for their der of Mr. Love equally improper-Mr. Love was the aggressor, &c., and therefore

Cuffee Mayo, colored, moved to postpone more censurable. joint caucus of the Republican party in the resolution until the third Monday in Mr. Love asked to be heard, and saidhe had no slavish or servile acknowledgemove that when this House adjourn that it Mr. Jarvis said that it was stated that ments to make. He would, however, offer adjourn until to-morrow morning at a this was no time to pass the resolution .- any apology to the Senate that one gentle-That might be. But it was time to cease man should make to another. He desired Mr. Ingram said he was opposed to the to speak of the war and those engaged in merely to say that, on yesterday, when he quently talk about wishing to adjourn sine federate looked upon his flag, Confederate alluding to the Senator from Carteret .die and go home, but from the frequency and Federal sleep side by side, their ashes | Senators were present whom he (Mr. Love) viding for a Joint Committee to investigate of the motions dispensing with the evening co-mingle, and the grass grows over their had told recently, that he would not, in graves on a thousand fields. Can't we future, notice the Senator named. That forget those past differences and go for. when on the floor, he had been called to ward hand in hand to build up a great order by the gentleman, as he felt in a country. Who were the majority of the rather gruff way, and that this drew the Mr. Graham moved its postponement till charging directly that it was the \$7 per men laboring under political disabilities? fire to a point, not intended, and thus he 1st of December next. Not agreed to, and day that was keeping this Legislature here Why they are the very men who in 1860 had been unduly provoked and thrown off so long, &c. If the motion was pressed he and '61 stood firmly by and battled brave- his guard. If he had transgressed, it was ly for the Union until hurried into the war not by intention, or with design to offend

by a whirlpool of excitement. They had the Senate, or violate its rules. held some petty office of magistrate, con- The question then recurring on the mostable, &c., and had probably given com- tion to strike out the second resolution refort in some way to the war. The men sulted, yeas 11, nays 31. The resolutions were then adopted-yeas

under disabilities and had never held any 30, nays 11. Mr. Hayes introduced a bill to incorporate the Robeson County Agricultural Society. The revenue bill was taken up and considered till the hour of adjournment.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES. TUESDAY, March 18, 1869. By Mr. French : A resolution in favor of alienate them. Must the men who North By G. W. Price, colored : A resolution honor, be sentered forever to be debar-

be and are hereby requested to favor any measure that has for its object the speedy removal of political disabilities from citizens of this State, and to restore all their rights and priviliges of citi-

men, possessing the highest order oftalent The bill to provide forms in civil proare incapable of holding the lowest ceedings before Justices of the Peace was and most insignificant office. Can you taken up and passed its third reading.

ERRORS OF YOUTH.